WHEN IT COMES TO ANT CONTROL



IS EVERYTHING

- Eliminates the entire colony
- Acts on sugar and protein eating ants
- Ant specific, safe to use



WHEN IT COMES TO ANT CONTROL



THE PRODUCT

Distance® Plus Ant Bait is ideal for the control of invasive and nuisance ants in domestic, commercial, environmental or agricultural situations. A broadcast of Distance Plus attracts worker ants. The worker ants carry the bait back to their queen and her immature young. Once eaten, the active ingredient disrupts her ability to lay eggs. No more eggs, no more ants, no more problem.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Distance Plus is an Insect Growth Regulator, specifically a juvenile hormone mimic. It breaks the life cycle of ants, eventually causing the starvation of the colony through lack of replacement of foraging workers.

Distance Plus can be used to control Red Imported Fire Ant, Tropical Fire Ant, Bigheaded Ant (Coastal Brown Ant), Yellow Crazy Ant, Black Ants, Singapore Ant, Pony Ants (incl. Green Ants), Meat Ants, Tyrant Ants, Green Tree Ants, Longlegged Ants, Sugar Ants and Pennant Ants.

WHERE CAN IT BE USED?

Distance Plus can be used in domestic, commercial, environmental or agricultural situations.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Distance Plus contains 5 g/kg pyriproxyfen.

PRESENTATION

Distance plus is a granulated ant baiting system that can be laid using hand held spreaders, spreaders attached to motor vehicles or aerial spreaders.

PERFORMANCE

Distance Plus has proven it's worth in Australia as a key component of the National Fire Ant Eradication program, Distance Plus was chosen due to it's efficacy against ants as well as it's safety to humans.

The queen-directed mode of action of Distance Plus makes it especially effective as a long-term ant control product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Situation	Pest	Rate	Critical comments
DOMESTIC AND PUBLIC SERVICE AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS: Parks, golf courses, sports grounds, paths and walkways, gardens, lawns and turf. CROPPING AREAS: Plantations and orchards including Olives, Citrus and tropical fruits and tree nuts. Other fruits and vegetables, herbs, spices. Pasture. Native and managed forests. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AREAS: National Parks and reserves where invasive ants are a threat to ecosystem values.	Invasive and nuisance ants (see list)	2-4 kg per hectare	Baits may be laid utilising either hand held spreaders, spreaders attached to motor vehicles or aerial application. All spreading equipment should be calibrated on a regular basis to ensure that the permitted rate per hectare is achieved and not exceeded. For most situations the lower rate is adequate. However, in northern Australia and where heavy infestations occur then use the higher rate. Multiple applications may also be required for heavy infestations. Multiple applications may also be required for certain species that have multiple reproductive females inhabiting the same nest, to ensure that all reproductive females are exposed to the juvenile hormone mimic. These include Argentine ant (<i>Linepithema humile</i>) and Pony ants (<i>Rhytidoponera</i>). Vegetables: Do not apply via aerial application or any other method of application that has the potential to cause lodgement of the bait in the plant foliage. Ensure bait is applied to inter-row areas only. Poultry: Do not apply in pasture or other areas where poultry are or are intended to be feeding and/or grazing. Baits may only be laid in situations where direct access to the bait by poultry is not possible, e.g. in situations with maintained caged poultry above the ground/ area to be baited.



COMING SOON



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