

**POISON**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING**



**Access<sup>\*</sup>**

**Herbicide**

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS:** 240 g/L TRICLOPYR present as the butoxyethyl ester  
120 g/L PICLORAM present as the isooctyl ester

**SOLVENTS:** 389 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON  
137 g/L ETHYLENE GLYCOL

**GROUP I HERBICIDE**

**For selective control of a wide range of woody and noxious weeds in commercial and industrial areas, public lands, fence lines and pastures, by basal bark and cut stump applications as specified in the Directions for Use.**

**IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USE.**

**Contents:** 1 L, 2 L, 5 L, 10 L

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**CUSTOMER SERVICE TOLL FREE 1-800 700 096**

\* Trademark of Dow AgroSciences

NRA Approval No.: 46640/1000

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

- Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.
- **DO NOT** store near feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.
- Triple rinse empty containers with diesel before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site
- For disposal, break crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

## SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

Wear protective equipment (see SAFETY DIRECTIONS). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand or clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See STORAGE AND DISPOSAL section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

- Harmful if swallowed.
- Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin.
- Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders.
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin.
- Avoid inhaling vapour or spray mist.
- When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists, a washable hat, elbow-length

neoprene gloves and a face shield or goggles.

- If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water.
- If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water.
- After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water.
- Wash hands after use. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

## FIRST AID

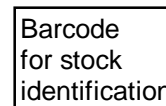
- If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Ph.: 13 11 26).
- If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet for Access Herbicide, which is available from Dow AgroSciences on request. Call Customer Service Toll Free on 1-800 700 096.

### NOTICE:

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions for use. No warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose express or implied, extends to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by Dow AgroSciences, or under abnormal conditions.



NRA Approval No. 46640/1000  
D.O.M./Batch No.:

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

### RESTRAINTS:

- **DO NOT** add water to Access Herbicide.
- **DO NOT** apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, or previous herbicide treatment as reduced levels of control may result.
- **DO NOT** apply to charcoal coated or wet stems as this can repel the diesel mixture.

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION** section for application method details.

<b>AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCELINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.</b>				
<b>WEEDS CONTROLLED</b>	<b>WEED GROWTH STAGE</b>	<b>RATE /60 L DIESEL</b>	<b>CRITICAL COMMENTS</b>	
Acacia spp. including : Black wattle Brigalow Hickory wattle Mimosa bush Mulga Sally wattle Silver wattle	<b>Basal bark method :</b> Plants with stems up to 5 cm basal diameter.	1 L	Ensure all stems on multi-stemmed varieties are treated. Delay treatment until all regrowth on bulldozed or ploughed land has had time to emerge to a height of at least one metre. Root suckering wattles will need follow-up treatment.	
African boxthorn			Treat all stems on multistem plants.	
Algaroba ( <i>Prosopis</i> spp.)	<b>Cut Stump method :</b> Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	2 L		
<i>Angophora</i> spp. regrowth			This species may become dormant so should not be treated during winter.	
Australian blackthorn			Regrowth from roots may occur.	
Bitterbark				
Broadleaf privet				
Brush box			Treat single stemmed seedling plants only.	
Cacti including : Common pest pear Harrisia cactus Prickly pear Snake cactus Tiger pear Tree pear			1 L	Apply as an overall spray, wetting all areas of the plant to ground level.
Cockspur thorn				
Corkwood wattle				Basal bark application only. Species with old, rough bark require more thorough wetting than smooth barked species. Some regrowth may still occur.
<i>Corymbia</i> spp.				
Ellangowan poison bush				
<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. regrowth				
False sandalwood				
Green cestrum				
<i>Grevillea</i> spp.				
Groundsel bush				
Guava		2 L	Regrowth may occur from roots of the main tree.	
Hard milkwood		1 L		
Hawthorn				
Heartleaf poison bush				
Honey locust				

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS - APPLICATION** section for application method details.

<b>AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FENCELINES, FORESTRY, PASTURES AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.</b>			
<b>WEEDS CONTROLLED</b>	<b>WEED GROWTH STAGE</b>	<b>RATE /60 L DIESEL</b>	<b>CRITICAL COMMENTS</b>
Kiteleaf poison	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 5 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut Stump method :</b> Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size.  Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Treat single stem plants only.
Leucaena			
Limebush			
Lantana			
Narrow leaf hop bush			
Needlewood			
Oleander			
Parkinsonia			
Punty bush			
Red ash (white myrtle)			
Rubbervine			
Swamp box			
Sweet briar			
Teatrees			
Turpentine	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	2 L	Treat single stemmed seedling plants only.
Turpentine bush			
Whitewood			
Wild orange			
Wild peach			
Wild rosemary			
Wild tobacco tree			
Wilga			
Yellow bells ( <i>Tecoma</i> spp.)			
Camphor laurel			
Peppercorn tree ( <i>Schinus molle</i> )			
Prickly acacia			
Sisal hemp			
Tree of Heaven			
Willow	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 15 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants up to and in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Do not treat during winter.
Chinee apple			
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Basal bark treatment only.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	4 L	Cut stump treatment only.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Some root suckering may occur.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Species that become dormant should not be treated during winter.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Basal bark method only.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Basal bark method only.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Species that become dormant should not be treated during winter.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	4 L	Cut stump method only. Complete control may not occur due to the multistem growth of plant and difficulty treating all stems.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Cut stump method only.
	<b>Basal bark method:</b> Plants with stems up to 10 cm basal diameter.  <b>Cut stump method:</b> Plants in excess of basal bark size. Apply immediately after cut is made.	1 L	Complete control may not occur due to the multistem growth of plant and difficulty treating all stems.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**FOR NATIVE VEGETATION**

- Use of Access on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

## WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

The use pattern of this product is such that no withholding periods are required.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

### MIXING:

**Access herbicide is designed for use with diesel distillate only. It will NOT mix with water.**

- Quarter fill the spray unit or mixing container with diesel and add the required amount of Access. Add the remaining diesel and shake or agitate thoroughly to mix the contents. Only mix sufficient chemical for each day's work, mixing periodically.

### Dilution Table for one part Access in sixty parts diesel:

Amount of Access Herbicide	Volume of diesel added after Access
17 mL	fill to 1 L
85 mL	fill to 5 L
255 mL	fill to 15 L
1.7 L	fill to 100 L

### COMPATIBILITY:

- Access is compatible with diesel and should not be used or diluted with any other chemicals.

### GENERAL APPLICATION:

- Apply only with hand-directed equipment such as a pneumatic sprayer. The use of diesel as a herbicide carrier may affect the rubber seals in some sprayers. To avoid this, use sprayers, which use Viton<sup>®</sup> seals and fittings.
- Spray equipment should be used at low pressures, up to 200 kPa, to avoid splashing.
- Ensure all stems on multi-stemmed varieties are treated. Delay treatment until all regrowth on bulldozed or ploughed land has had time to emerge to a height of at least one metre.
- Species that lose their leaves e.g. sweet briar; or become dormant, e.g. Australian blackthorn or camphor laurel, should not be treated during winter.
- Species with old, rough bark require more thorough wetting than the smooth barked species.
- **DO NOT** apply to charcoal coated or wet stems as this can repel the diesel mixture.

### Basal Bark Application Method

- Liberally spray the bark around the stem from ground level to 30 cm high, wetting thoroughly to the point of runoff (unless otherwise stated).

### Cut Stump Method

- Stems should be cut less than 15 cm above ground level.
- **Immediately** apply Access/diesel mixture **liberally** to the **freshly** cut stump by spraying the cut surface and sides of the stem.

## CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.

- After completion of spraying, use a degreaser such as Caltex Kwik-D-Grease<sup>®</sup> to remove traces of diesel from the sprayer. Rinse tank and spray through nozzles thoroughly with water to remove degreaser.
- After the above, quarter fill the tank with clean water and add a alkali detergent, (e.g. liquid SURF<sup>®</sup>, OMO<sup>®</sup>, DRIVE<sup>®</sup> at 500 mL/100L of water or the powder equivalent at 500g/100L of water). Shake the water around the sprayer and spray the solution through the nozzles to thoroughly clean the lines and nozzles. Rinse well with clean water to remove detergent.
- To clean brushes and container, spray liberally with degreaser. Hose off thoroughly with water and repeat using detergents (see above).
- **DO NOT** use this equipment for any other purpose.

## RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

**GROUP I HERBICIDE**

Access Herbicide is a member of the pyridines group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management the product is a Group I Herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other disrupters of plant cell growth herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group I Herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Dow AgroSciences accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Access Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Dow AgroSciences representative.

## PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

- Treat target weeds only. **DO NOT** allow mixture to contact non-target species.
- **DO NOT** use on land to be cultivated for growing sensitive plants. Legumes, vines, vegetables, cotton, tomatoes, ornamentals, coniferous species and many other broadleaf plants are highly susceptible to Access during both growing and dormant periods.
- Picloram, one of the active ingredients in this product, can remain active in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter.
- **DO NOT** move soil, which has been sprayed, to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

- DO NOT apply when the treated soil may be washed to areas growing, or to be planted with desirable plants.
- DO NOT apply close to, or on, areas containing roots of desirable plants, or sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run off to areas containing, or to be planted to, susceptible crops or plants.

### **PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT**

- DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.
- Alongside waterways treat only noxious weeds and poisonous plants.

### **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

- Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.
- **DO NOT** store near feedstuffs, fertilisers or seed.
- Triple rinse empty containers with diesel before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site
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### **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

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- Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin.
- Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders.
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- Avoid inhaling vapour or spray mist.
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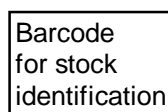
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